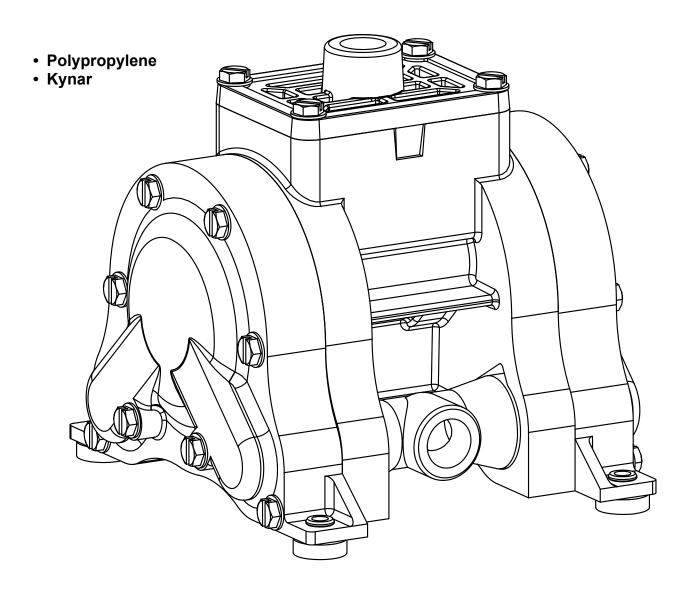
WR10 3/8" Bolted Plastic Pumps Operating Instructions





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Operating and Service Manual Model WR10 3/8" Bolted Plastic Pumps

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WARNINGS, CAUTIONS & NOTICES

Please read all cautions, warnings and notes completely before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain this

manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual may damage the pump and void the factory warranty.

WAR	NINGS						
Typerevent static sparking the pump, piping, valves, and containers must be grounded.	Pump exhaust may contain contaminants that can cause serious injury. Take precautions to pipe exhaust away from work area if pumping chemicals, hazardous or flammable materials.						
CAUTIONS							
You must check the tightness of all hardware prior to installation.	Do not exceed the maximum inlet air pressure as stated on the pump model tag.						
Maximum temperature limits are based on mechanical stress only. Certain chemicals will significantly reduce maximum safe operating temperatures. For chemical compatibility and temperature limits please refer to the Chemical Resistance Guide.	Disconnect the compressed air line to the pump and allow all air pressure to bleed from pump prior to performing any maintenance on the pump. Disconnect all intake, discharge and air lines. Drain the pump and dispose of fluid into a suitable container.						
Check temperature limits for all wetted components when choosing pump materials. Temperature limits may vary depending on the material.	All operators of the equipment should be properly trained to ensure safe working practices.						
The process fluid and cleaning fluids must be chemically compatible with all wetted pump components. Please refer to the Chemical Resistance Guide for additional information.	Never allow the piping system to be supported by the pump manifolds or valve housing. These components are not designed to support structural weight and pump failure may result						
Thoroughly flush pump before installing into process lines. FDA and sanitary approved pumps should be cleaned or sanitized before use.	Noise levels can exceed 85 dBA. Always wear ear and eye protection when operating or repairing pumps.						
NOT	ICES						
Blow out air line for at least 15 seconds before attaching to pump to make sure that all debris is removed. Use an in-line air filter.	Compressed air should not be applied to the exhaust port. If this happens the pump will not function.						
Clamp style pumps fitted with PTFE or XLTPE come standard from the factory with expanded PTFE liquid chamber gaskets. PTFE gaskets cannot be reused.	Before disassembly of clamp band pumps, mark a line from each liquid chamber to its corresponding air chamber. This will ensure proper alignment when reassembling.						
Tighten both outer pistons at the same time to ensure a tight fit when installing PTFE diaphragms. See torque settings for additional details.	The pump does not require continuous lubrication.						

WR10 SPECIFICATIONS & PERFORMANCE

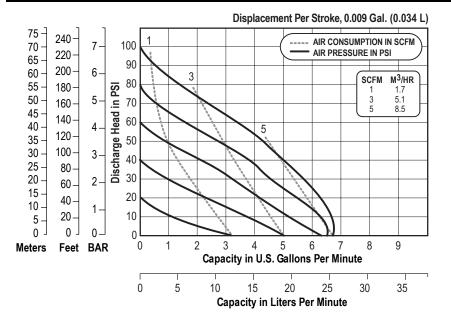
Specifications

Flow Rate adjustable to . 0-6.8 gpm (261 lpm) **Port Size**

| Inlet and Discharge ... 3/8" Female NPT (BSP) | Air Inlet 0.25" Female NPT | Air Exhaust 0.25" Female NPT | Suction Lift 8' (2.44 m) Dry | Max. Particle Size (Diameter) 0.10"(2.25 mm) | dB(A) Reading 78 dB(A) | Shipping Weights



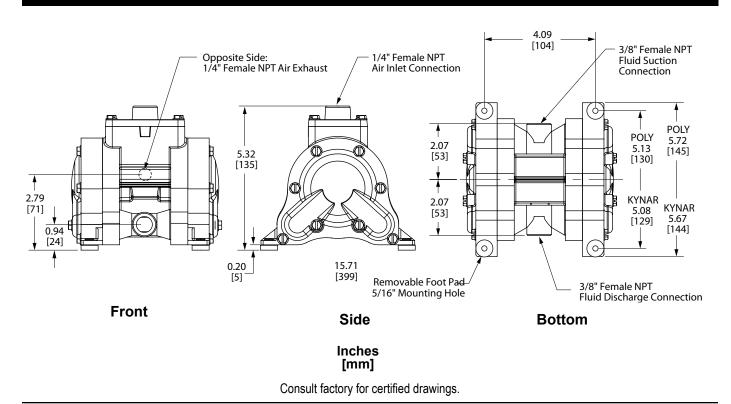
Performance



CAUTION: Do not exceed 100 psig (6.8 bars) air supply or liquid pressure.

<u>CAUTION:</u> Nonmetallic pumps and plastic components are not UV stabilized. Ultraviolet radiation can damage these parts and negatively affect material properties. Do not expose to UV light for extended periods of time.

Dimensions



INSTALLATION, OPERATION & MAINTENANCE

Installation

The pump should be mounted in a vertical position. In permanent installations, the pump should be attached to plant piping using a flexible coupling on both the

intake and discharge connections to reduce vibration to the pump and piping. To further reduce vibration, a surge suppressor next to the pump may be used.

Suction pipe size should be at least the same diameter as the inlet connection size, even larger if highly viscous fluid is to be pumped. If suction hose is used, it must be of a non-collapsible reinforced type.

Discharge piping should be of at least the same diameter as the discharge connection. It is critical, especially on the suction side of the pump, that

all fittings and connections are air tight or pumping efficiency will be reduced and priming will be difficult.

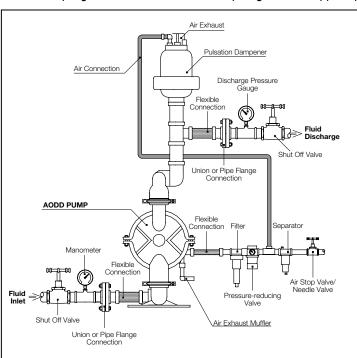
Make certain the air supply line and connections and compressor are capable of supplying the required pressure and volume of air to operate the pump at the desired flow rate. The quality of the compressed air source should be considered. Air that is contaminated with moisture and dirt may result in erratic pump performance and increased maintenance cost as well as frequent process "down time" when the pump fails to operate properly.

The pump is powered by compressed air.

Compressed air is directed to the pump air chamber by the main air valve. The compressed air is sepa-

Pump Operation

rated from the fluid by a membrane called a diaphragm. The diaphragm in turn applies pressure on



the fluid and forces it out of the pump discharge. While this is occurring, the opposite air chamber is depressurized and exhausted to atmosphere and fluid is drawn into the pump suction. The cycle again repeats, thus creating a constant reciprocating action which maintains flow through the pump. The flow is always in through the bottom suction connection and out through the top discharge connection. Since the air pressure acts directly on the diaphragms, the pressure applied to the fluid

roughly approximates the air supply pressure supplied to the main air valve.

Recommended Piping Connections Pump Size Minimum Air Line Size Minimum Suction Line Size 1/4" 1/4" 1/4" 3/8" 1/4" 3/8" 1/2" 1/2" 1/2" 1" 1/2" 1-1/2" 1/2" 1-1/2" 2" 1/2" 2" 3" 3/4" 3"

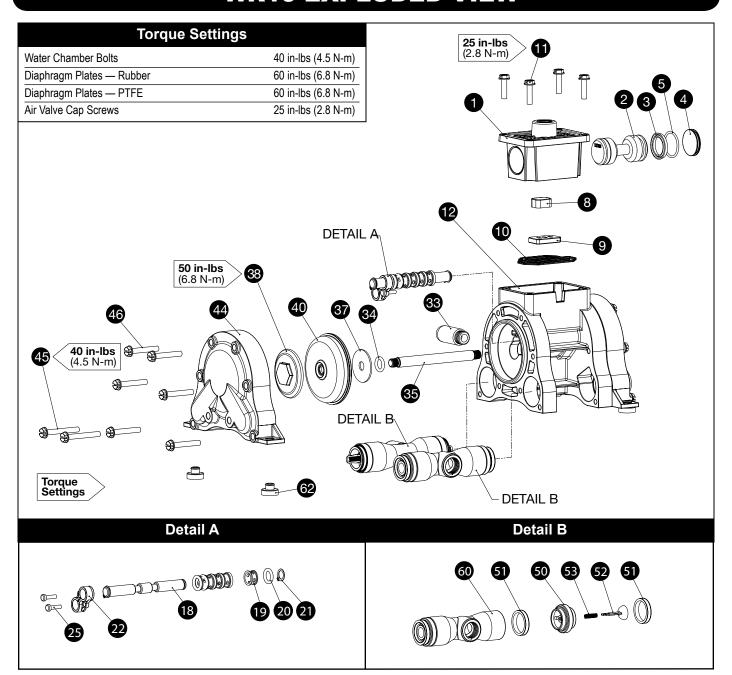
TROUBLESHOOTING

Symptom	Potential Cause(s)	Recommendation(s)
Pump cycles once	 Incorrect pilot o-ring placement Inner diaphragm plate installed backwards Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure) Air valve or center block gaskets installed incorrectly 	 Reinstall pilot o-rings in correct positions Reinstall inner diaphragm plate correctly Check system for pressure ratio to pump Install gaskets with holes properly aligned
Pump will not operate	 Pump is over lubricated Lack of air (line size, PSI, CFM) Worn o-rings Wrong type of lubrication (attack on o-rings) Debris in air valve Clogged manifolds Incorrect o-ring placement Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure) 	 Set lubricator on lowest possible setting or remove Elima-Matic is designed for lube free operation Check the air line size and length, compressor capacity (HP vs. cfm required) Replace o-rings Check compatibility of o-rings with lubrication Clean air valve/filter Clean suction or discharge manifolds/piping Reinstall o-rings in correct position Increase air supply pressure
Pump cycles and will not prime or flow	 Cavitation on suction side Valve ball(s) not seating properly or sticking Valve ball(s) missing (pushed into chamber) Valve ball(s)/seat(s) damaged or attacked by product Clogged suction line 	 Check suction condition (move pump closer to product) Clean out around valve ball cage and valve seat area Replace valve ball or valve seat if damaged Use heavier valve ball material Worn valve ball or valve seat Worn fingers in valve ball cage (replace part) Check Chemical Resistance Guide for compatibility Clean suction manifold and/or piping
Pump running sluggish/stalling	 Over lubrication Icing Clogged manifolds Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure) Cavitation on suction side Lack of air (line size, PSI, CFM) 	 Set lubricator on lowest possible setting or remove Elima-Matic is designed for lube free operation Clean or replace exhaust muffler Clean manifolds to allow proper air flow Check system to locate deadhead (equilibrium) Increase air supply pressure Check suction (move pump closer to product) Check the air line size, length, compressor capacity
Product leaking through exhaust	 Diaphragm failure, or diaphragm plates loose Diaphragm stretched around center hole or bolt holes Excessive air supply pressure 	 Replace diaphragms, check for damage and ensure diaphragm plates are tight Check for excessive inlet pressure or air pressure Tighten bolts to recommended torque Check Operating Manual for recommendations
Premature diaphragm failure	 Cavitation Excessive flooded suction pressure Misapplication (chemical/physical incompatibility) Wrong type of lubrication (attack on air side) Incorrect diaphragm plates or plates on backwards Incorrect shaft with corresponding elastomer Start up at full air pressure 	 Enlarge pipe diameter on suction side of pump 2 Move pump closer to product Raise pump/place pump on top of tank to reduce inlet pressure Add accumulation tank or pulsation dampener as close to the pump as possible 4 Consult Chemical Resistance Chart for compatibility with products, cleaners, temperature limitations and lubrication 6 Check Operating Manual to check for correct part and installation Start up pump slowly (manually or with Smart Start)
Breaking and bending shafts	Build up of solids in water chamberLoose diaphragm plates	1 Flush pump, start pump slow2 Tighten diaphragm plates when replacing diaphragms

WR10 PARTS LIST

		٨١	R VALVE ASSEMBLY				
Item	Description	Qty.	Standar	d: Polypropylene			
	Air Valve Assembly (Includes items 1		<u> </u>	E800			
1	Valve Body	1		10-048			
2	Valve Spool	1	E500B ASY	E500B ASY (Includes (2) P98-104A)			
3	Valve Spool U-Cup	2		P98-104A			
4	End Cap	2	E800D (Inc	cludes (1) E800D ASY)			
5	End Cap O-Ring	2	,	E500É			
8	Air Diverter	1		10-075			
9	Valve Insert	1		E500H			
10	Valve Gasket	1		E800J			
11	Valve Screw	4		10-050			
		AIR	END ASSEMBLY				
Item	Description	Qty.	Standard	d: Polypropylene			
12	Center Section	1		E801A			
18	Pilot Shaft	1		E803A			
19	Pilot Shaft Spacer	5		E503C			
20	Pilot Shaft O-Ring	6		E503B			
21	Pilot Shaft Snap Ring	2	E503D				
22	Shaft Retainer	2	E801B				
25	Shaft Retainer Screw	4		E501C			
33	Muffler	1		06-034			
			HRAGM ASSEMBLY				
Item	Description	Qty.	TPE	PTFE			
34	Main Shaft O-Ring	2	E503B	E503B			
35	Main Shaft	1	10-028	10-028			
37	Inner Diaphragm Plate	2	C126	C126			
38	Outer Diaphragm Plate	2	10-023 (Poly), 10-040 (Kynar)	10-023 (Poly), 10-040 (Kynar)			
40	Diaphragm	2	10-032 (XL), 10-033 (Geolast)	10-044 (PTFE)			
			T END ASSEMBLY				
Item	Description	Qty.	Standard: Polypropylene	Option 1: Kynar			
44	Water Chamber	2	10-002	10-036			
45	Water Chamber Bolt (Long)	4	10-052	10-052			
46	Water Chamber Bolt (Short)	12	10-051	10-051			
50	Valve Seat	4	10-022 (Poly)	10-039 (Kynar)			
51	Valve Seat Seal	8	10-073 (XL), 10-045 (PTFE)	10-073 (XL), 10-045 (PTFE)			
52	Valve Stem	4	10-005	10-038			
53	Spring	4	10-030	10-030			
60	Manifold	2	10-003	10-037			
62	Foot Pad	4	10-035	10-035			

WR10 EXPLODED VIEW



WR10 Repair and Maintenance Kits

Air End Kit- Part #: WR10 AIR KIT							
Description	Qty	Part Number					
Valve Spool U-Cup	2	P98-104A					
End Cap O-Ring	2	E500E					
Air Diverter	1	10-075					
Valve Insert	1	E500H					
Valve Gasket	1	E800J					
Pilot Shaft O-Ring	6	E503B					
Main Shaft O-Ring	2	E503B					

Wetted End Kits					
Part Number	Description				
WR10 XL KIT	XL Elastomer Kit				
WR10 G KIT	Geolast Elastomer Kit				
WR10 TX KIT	PTFE Elastomer Kit				

MATERIALS, TEMPERATURELIMITS & COMPATIBILITY

Materials of Construction — Pumps								
MODEL	EL Acetal® Aluminum Cast Iron Hastelloy C Polypropylene PVDF Stainless Stee							
WR10 (3/8")					•	•		

Diaphragms, Valve Seats & Valve Seals															
										PTFE			Thermo	plastics	
ELASTOMERS	Aluminum	Buna-N	PVDF	Neoprene	EPDM	Polypropylene	Polyurethane	316 Stainless Steel	Tef-Matic™	Versa- Tuff™	FUSION™	Encapsulated Silicone	Santoprene (TPE XL)	FDA Hytrel®	(FKM) Fluorocarbon
DIAPHRAGMS										•			•		
VALVE SEATS			•			•									
VALVE SEALS										•			•		

Temperature Limits						
BUNA-N	+10°F (-12°C) to +180°F (82°C)					
PTFE	+40°F (+4°C) to +220°F (105°C)					
SANTOPRENE (TPE XL)	-20°F (-29°C) to +300°F (149°C)					
PLASTIC PUMPS can operate to • POLYPROPYLENE • PVDF	the following temperature limits: 32°F (0°C) to 175°F (79°C) 10°F (-12°C) to 225°F (107°C)					
	<u> </u>					

NOTE: These are average temperatures. Chemicals and solvents can have an effect on temperature limit

WARREN RUPP, INC.®

Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer:

Warren Rupp, Inc.®, 800 N. Main Street Mansfield, Ohio, 44902 USA

certifies that Air-Operated Double Diaphragm Pump Series: HDB, HDF, M Non-Metallic, S Non-Metallic, M Metallic, S Metallic, T Series, G Series, RS Series U Series, EH and SH High Pressure, W Series, SMA and SPA Submersibles, and Tranquilizer Surge Suppressors comply with the European Community Directive 2006/42/EC on Machinery, according to Annex VIII. This product has used Harmonized Standard EN809:1998+A1:2009, Pumps and Pump Units for Liquids - Common Safety Requirements, to verify conformance.

Signature of authorized person

David Roseberry

Printed name of authorized person

Revision Level: F

October 20, 2005

Date of issue

Engineering Manager

Title

April 19, 2012

Date of revision





Kynar is a registered tradename of Penwalt Corp. Warren Rupp is a registered tradename of Warren Rupp, Inc.



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